BAIN MUSC 216 Music Theory IV

Exam 1

Wed., February 15 Duration: 50 min.

STUDY GUIDE

Part 1: Lead-Sheet Chord Symbols (15 min.)

REVIEW: Lead-Sheet Chord Symbols Practice Test

Given a *lead sheet chord symbol*, be able to spell the implied root position *tertian harmony* or related sonority (e.g., added-tone triad, sus chord, open fifth, etc.) on any root. Here are the chord types you need to know:¹

• Triads

C, Cm, C+ & Co

Seventh chords

C⁷, Cmaj⁷, Cm⁷, Cm^{7(\(\beta\)5\)} & C^{\(\circ\)7</sub> Cm^{\(\circ\)65\}, C^{7(\(\exi\)5)} & C^{7(\(\exi\)5)}}

• Common extensions/alterations

Ninth chords: C⁹, Cmaj⁹, Cm⁹, C⁷⁽ⁱ⁹⁾, C⁷⁽ⁱ⁹⁾, C+⁷⁽ⁱ⁹⁾ & C+⁷⁽ⁱ⁹⁾

Eleventh chords: C¹¹, Cm¹¹, C^{9(‡11)} & Cmaj^{9(‡11)}

Thirteenth chords: C¹³

• Added-tone triads

One added tone: C^6 , Cm^6 , C^{add9} & C^{add2}

Two added tones: C^{6/9} & Cm^{6/9}

Sus chords

Csus4, C⁷sus4 & Csus2

Other

C5 & N.C.

Part 2: Reading Comprehension (15 min.)

REVIEW: Chapter 32 Quizzes; See also the optional Ch. 32 Review Worksheet

Questions pertaining to the assigned reading and online quizzes. Includes coverage of V^9 (Ch. 20, pp. 190-191).

Part 3: Harmonic Analysis (20 min.)

REVIEW: Harmonic Analysis In-Class Exercises and Assignments/Activities

Be able to:

- Provide a Roman numeral analysis for a nineteenth-century instrumental passage
- Provide a Roman numeral analysis for a twentieth-century lead sheet
- Identify nonharmonic tones using ()
- Identify a cadence as PAC, IAC, AC, HC, DC or PC

¹ Examples are provided for a chord whose root is C.