# **Chord Types**

#### **TRIADS**

The four triad types are:1

	Chord type	Quality symbol <sup>2</sup>	Lead sheet symbol <sup>†</sup>	Chord spelling <sup>‡</sup>
1.	Major	M	C	C, E, G
2.	Minor	m	Cm or C–	C, E♭, G
3.	Augmented	A	C+ or Caug	C, E, G#
4.	Diminished	d	C° or Cdim	C, E♭, G♭

#### SEVENTH CHORDS

The five common seventh chord types are:

	Chord type	Quality symbol <sup>3</sup>	Lead-sheet symbol <sup>†</sup>	Chord spelling <sup>‡</sup>
1.	Major-minor seventh <sup>4</sup>	Mm	C <sup>7</sup>	C, E, G, B♭
2.	Major seventh	MM	Cmaj <sup>7</sup>	C, E, G, B
3.	Minor seventh	mm	Cm <sup>7</sup> or C <sup>-7</sup>	C, E, G, B
4.	Half-diminished seventh	dm	C <sup>ø7</sup> or Cm <sup>7(\dot5)</sup>	$C, E_{\flat}, G_{\flat}, B_{\flat}$
5.	Diminished seventh <sup>5</sup>	dd	C°7 or Cdim <sup>7</sup>	С, Е, G, В,

<sup>† -</sup> Lead-sheet symbol for the chord type built on root C.

## **List Notation**

We define *list notation* to be a listing of notes in bottom-to-top *root position* order. As shown above, chord members are separated by a comma "," and single space. For more information about lead-sheet symbols, see the MUSC 116 handout *Lead Sheet Chord Symbols*.

### Reference

L. Poundie Burstein and Joseph N. Straus, "Ch. 3 Triads and Seventh Chords," in *Concise Introduction to Tonal Harmony*, 2nd ed. (New York: Norton, 2020), pp. 33-41.

<sup>‡ -</sup> List notation for the chord type build on root C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The terms *chord type* and *chord quality* are often used interchangeably.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 'M' stands for *major*; 'm' stands for *minor*; 'A' stands for *augmented*; and 'd' stands for *diminished*. The four tonal triad types (M, m, A & d) may be derived from *every-other-note combinations* of the major and minor scales. M & m triads are traditionally classified as *consonant*, whereas A & d triads are classified as *dissonant*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The first symbol represents the *triad type*. The second symbol represents the *seventh type*. For example, symbol 'Mm' represents a major triad with a minor seventh.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The terms *major-minor seventh* and *dominant seventh* chord are often used interchangeably.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The terms diminished seventh and fully-diminished seventh chord are often used interchangeably.